



# MONROE COUNTY

## RESIDENTIAL STORMWATER RETENTION CALCULATION SHEET

### 1. Determine Total Impervious Coverage on site:

#### a. Determine Impervious Coverage EXISTING prior to new improvement:

Roof/slabs	A	ft <sup>2</sup>	Sidewalks	D	ft <sup>2</sup>
Decks / Patios	B	ft <sup>2</sup>	Pool/Deck	E	ft <sup>2</sup>
Driveways	C	ft <sup>2</sup>	Other	F	ft <sup>2</sup>
Impervious Coverage EXISTING prior to improvement (A + B + C + D + E + F)					1a

#### b. Determine NEW Impervious Coverage PROPOSED with improvement:

Roof/slabs	A	ft <sup>2</sup>	Sidewalks	D	ft <sup>2</sup>
Decks / Patios	B	ft <sup>2</sup>	Pool/Deck	E	ft <sup>2</sup>
Driveways	C	ft <sup>2</sup>	Other	F	ft <sup>2</sup>
Impervious Coverage PROPOSED with improvement (A + B + C + D + E + F)					1b

Total Impervious Coverage: EXISTING + PROPOSED (1a+1b)	1
--	---

### 2. Determine Percentage of Impervious Coverage on site:

1	ft <sup>2</sup>	/		ft <sup>2</sup>	=	2	% of Impervious Coverage
Total Impervious Coverage			Total Lot Area				

### 3. Determine "Disturbed Area" [(114-3(f)(2) 4]

	ft <sup>2</sup>	-		ft <sup>2</sup>	=	3	Disturbed Area
Total Lot Area			Native Vegetation - If no BMP enter "0"				

For the purposes of this section, the term "disturbed area" includes the entire lot except that the areas covered by the following best management practices (BMP) shall be subtracted from the calculation of disturbed area: (i) Forested upland areas/vegetative buffer strips (both natural and manmade) which will be retained intact and over or through which vehicular access or travel is not possible and will not occur; and (ii) Open water surfaces and wetlands (salt marsh, buttonwood, mangroves, or freshwater marsh habitat types). It will be the responsibility of the applicant to affirmatively demonstrate that the best management practices used for the project are designed, constructed, and maintained properly.

### 4. Determine Required Swale Volume – Complete a, b, or c:

#### a. For a NEW home with less than 40% Impervious Coverage, use:

3	ft <sup>2</sup>	X	0.083	=	4a	ft <sup>3</sup>	Swale Volume
Disturbed Area							

#### b. For a NEW home with 40% or greater Impervious Coverage, use:

3	ft <sup>2</sup>	X	0.208	X	2	%	=	4b	ft <sup>3</sup>	Swale Volume
Disturbed Area				% of Impervious Coverage						

#### c. When only new impervious area requires storm water retention (Existing Single Family & Duplexes Only):

1. When the total lot impervious coverage remains below 40% after the additional development:

1b	ft <sup>2</sup>	X	0.083	=	4c1	ft <sup>3</sup>	Added Swale Volume
Impervious Coverage PROPOSED				Swale Volume			

2. When the new development increases the total lot impervious area to 40% or above:

1b	ft <sup>2</sup>	X	0.208	=	4c2	ft <sup>3</sup>	Added Swale Volume
Impervious Coverage PROPOSED				Swale Volume			

### 5. Determine Swale Length (Swale side slopes must be no steeper than 4:1)

(		ft	X		ft	) / 2 =		ft <sup>2</sup>	Cross Sectional Area**
	Width			Depth					

	ft <sup>3</sup>	/		ft <sup>2</sup>	=		ft	Swale Length
Swale Volume			Cross Sectional Area					

Either 4 - a, b, c1 or c2 (\*\*e.g. a V-shaped swale with 4:1 slopes, 8 feet wide and 1 foot deep has 4 SF of Cross Sectional Area.)